## **Branch Offices:**

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B-802, Iscon Elegance, Nr. Prahlad Nagar Corner, Opp. Karnavati Club, S.G. Highway, Ahmedabad-380 051 Ph.: 079 - 66168835 E-mail: ahmedabad@hplindia.com

#### BANGAL ORF

No.2D, Ind Floor, Farah Winsford, 133, Infantry Road, Bangalore - 560 001 Ph.: 080-22863068/69 E-mail: bangalore@hplindia.com

#### BHUBANESWAR

N3-135, IRC Village, Nayabali, Behind Old Sai Baba Temple, Bhubaneswar-751 012 Ph.: 0674-2550826 E-mail: orissa@hplindia.com

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Plot No. 57, 5th Floor Industrial & Business Park, Phase-1 Chandigarh - 160002 Ph.: 0172-2639157 E-mail: chandigarh@hplindia.com

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"Amar Sindur" S-4, 2nd Floor, No.-43, Pantheon Road, Egmore, Chennai-600 008 Ph.: 044-28551530, 28551537 Fax: 044-42638243 E-mail: chennai@hplindia.com

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Designer Complex, Door No.130, C /2, 2nd Floor, Dr. Nanjappa Road, Coimbatore - 641018 Ph:0422-4393995 E-mail: coimbatore@hplindia.com

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Rajgarh Road, Opposite China Town Restaurant Guwahati - 781 003 Ph.: 0361-2450889 E-mail: guwahati@hplindia.com

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## HYDERABAD

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Lands Road, Hyderabad - 500 016 Ph.: 040-40035959 E-mail: hyderabad@hplindia.com

#### INDORE

203, Millinda Manor 2 RNT Marg, Near Ravindra Natya Grah, Indore- 452 001. Ph.: 0731-4280525, 4225540 E-mail: Indore@hplindia.com

JAIPUR 512, 5th floor, Plot No. 8-9, Corporate Park, Gopal Bari, Ajmer Road Jaipur - 302 001 Ph.: 0141-4021035 E-Mail: jaipur@hplindia.com

Plot No 86 Yard No 6 Transport Nagar, Jammu- 180006 E-mail: jammu@hplindia.com

17/14, 2nd Floor, Opposite Nanarao Park, The Mall, Kanpur - 208 001 (U.P.) Ph.: 0512-2316017 E-mail: kanpur@hplindia.com

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698 - D, Model Town, Extn., Opp. silverstone Hotel, Ludhiana-141 003 Ph.: 0161-4062877 E-Mail: ludhiana@hplindia.com

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Jagtap House, Plot No. 07, Ist Floor, Ganesh Gruh Nirman Society. Near Ganesh Mandir, Ring Road, Pratap Nagar, Nagpur - 440022, Ph.: 0712-2222988 E-mail: nagpur@hplindia.com

Hem Plaza, 5th Floor - 510 Frazer Road, Patna - 800001(Bihar) Ph.: 09334697299 E-mail: patna@hplindia.com

#### PUNE

Sunrise Skyline 3rd Floor, Plot No. 28/2 Scheme No. 11 B Opp. MSEB Office Somwar Peth Pune - 411 001 Ph.: 020-69200902 E-mail: pune@hplindia.com

1st Floor, Near Holy Heart School Chattisgarh College Road, Civil Line, Raipur (C.G.)-492 006 Ph :0771-6541590 E-mail : raipur@hplindia.com

203, Mahalaxmi Complex, Line Tank Road, 2nd Floor Ranchi - 834 001 Telefax: 0651-2206144 E-mail: ranchi@hplindia.com

1st Floor, Parasuna Bhawan, Ward No.13, Udham Singh Sarani, Asram Para, Siliguri-734001

## VADODARA

409/410, Silver Oak Complex. Near Sainik Park Char Rasta, Productivity Road, Akota, Vadodara - 390020 Gujarat Ph.: 0265-2341747 Fax:0265-2352107 E-mail : baroda@hplindia.com

## VIJAYAWADA

D.No.-29-37-135, 2nd Floor, G. R. Plaza, Eluru Road, Beside Canara Bank, Vijayawada-520 002 Ph.: 0866-6622291 E-mail: vijayawada@hplindia.com

B.K. Towers, 49-34-1/63, 3rd Floor Akka Yyapalem Main Road, NH-5 Junction, Vizag-530 016 (A.P.) E-mail: vizag@hplindia.com

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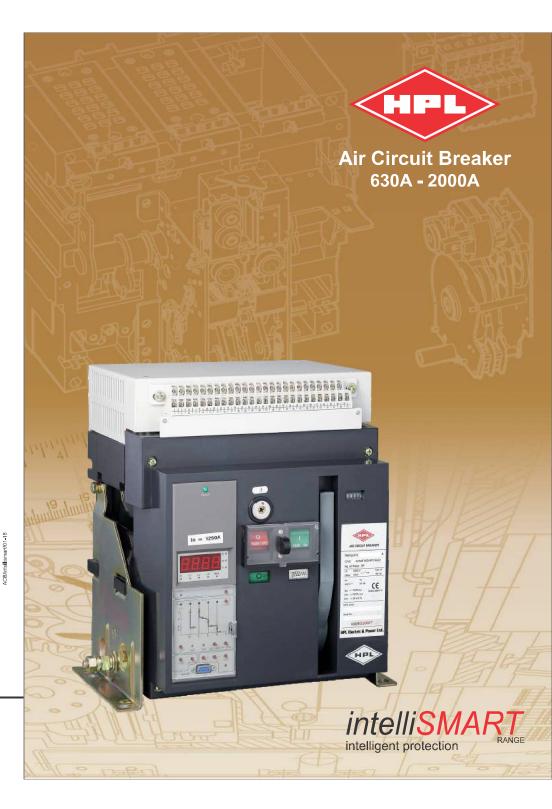
## **HPL Electric & Power Ltd** Corp. Office: Windsor Business Park, B-1D, Sector-10,

Noida, U.P. - 201301, INDIA. Tel: +91-120-4656300, Fax: +91-120-4656333

Registered Office: 1/21, Asaf Ali Road, New Delhi - 110 002, INDIA. E-mail: hpl@hplindia.com; enquiry@hplindia.com

Customer Care No.: 18004190198

www.hplindia.com





Air Circuit Breaker

intelliSMART

intelligent protection





# **Corporate Information**

HPL's vision of creating a niche, as a major player in India Electrical Industry with commitment to state-of-the-art technology & world class products.

HPL Group possess 7 State-of-the-art Manufacturing Facilities, ISO 9001: 2000; ISO 14001; OHSAS 18001 certified located at Gurgaon, Kundli, Panipat, Jabli Himachal Pradesh and Guwahati having 5,00,000 sq. feet covered area to manufacture products confirming to International and India standards.

HPL Products Profile has the following Strategic Business Units:

- LV Switchgears
- LV Protection Devices
- Metering and Energy Management Systems
- Lighting
- Luminaires
- Wires & Cables
- Solar Solutions
- Electrical Wiring Accessories

HPL Products are tested at CPRI, ERDA, ERTL, NPL etc. according to Indian Standards, whereas MCB's Rewireable Switches & Electronic Energy Meters carry ISI marking. Further HPL products have approvals from CPWD state PWD's, MES, BSNL & many more Institutional users.

HPL Group with Head Office at Noida (U.P.) has extensive Sales & Marketing Network of 90 Branch offices & Representative Offices, over 2000+Authorised Dealers and 27000+Retailers across country, who are committed to provide solutions and services to customer's delight. HPL is also exporting its products to Middle East, SAARC and European Countries.

# T STATE-OF-THE-ART MANUFACTURING FACILITIES

Units

Gurgaon (Haryana)

1 Units Murthal (Sonepat) Units

Kundli (Sonepat)



Panipat (Haryana)



Jabli (Himachal Pradesh)

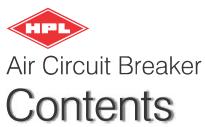


Range of HPL Air Circuit Breaker meets your demands for high breaking capacity and optimized panel size. Wide range of accessories and connection methods offerings meet the various installation needs & simplified switch board design.

It provides total solutions with an advanced trip relay for measurement, diagnosis, analysis and communication as well as protective functions for absolute protective coordination and electric power monitoring system.







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Product Introduction		
Operating Condition		
External configuration		
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## **Overview**

## **Product Introduction**

HPL Air Circuit Breaker is suitable for AC 50Hz/60Hz with rated service voltage 415V and rated service current upto 2000A. It is mainly used to distribute electric energy and protect circuits and electric equipment against over-load, under-voltage, short-circuit, Single-phase earth fault.

With intelligentized and selective protection functions, the breaker can improve the reliability of power supply, and avoid unnecessary power failure. The breaker is applicable for power stations, factories, mines and modern high-buildings, especially for the distribution system of intelligentized building.

Standard: IEC/IS 60947-2

## **Operating Conditions**

- · Temperature Condition:
- -5°C~40°C; the average value within 24th shall not exceed +35°C (Special situation excluded).
- Altitude : ≤ 2000m.
- Pollution grade: Grade 3.
- · Air Conditions:

Overview

At mounting site, relative humidity should not exceed 50% at the max temperature of +40°C, higher relative humidity is allowable under lower temperature, RH could be 90% at +20°C, special measures should be take to occurrence of dews.

• Note: Without the microprocessor relay, the breaker functions as a switch-disconnector.









# **External Configuration**

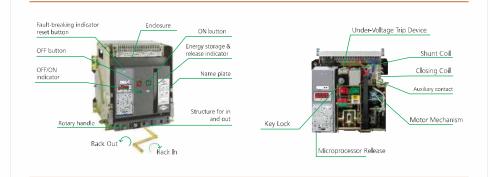




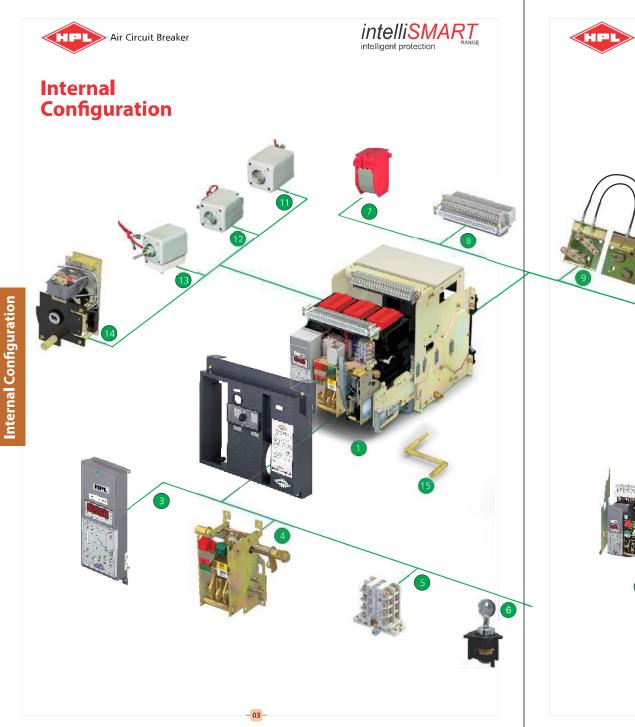
Cradle

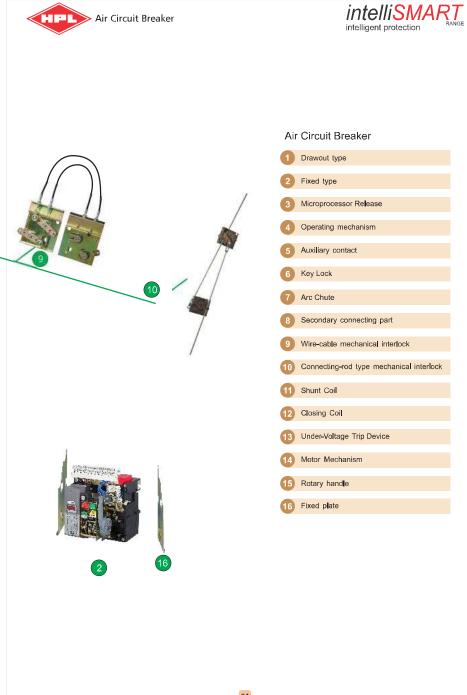
Drawout type breaker/switch-disconnector













# **Ratings**



Rated ultimate sh	Rated ultimate short circuit breaking capacity			Icu=50kA	115V			
Rated service sh	Rated service short circuit breaking capacity		lcs=50kA 415V					
Rated short-tim	Rated short-time withstand current		lcw=50kA / 1s 415V					
Rated current	Rated current In (A)		800	1000	1250	1600	2000	
Number of pole	s			3, 4				
Rated voltage	Ue (V)*			415				
Rated insulation	Rated insulation voltage Ui (V)		1000					
Rated current of	Rated current of N-pole In (A)		100% <b>l</b> n					
Total Breaking	Total Breaking Time (ms)		23~32					
Total Closing Ti	me (ms)	80 (max)						
	Electric life	6500						
Life Cycle	Markania	Without maintenance 15,000						
Nos.	Nos. Mechanical life		With Maintenance 30,000					
Connection pat	Connection pattern		Horizontal, Vertical					
Motor Charging	Drawout 3P/4P	67 / 80		70 / 84			79 / 90	
Type / Weight(kg)	Fixed 3P/4P	42 / 52		44 / 52			45 / 54	

<sup>\*690</sup> Volt on request

Ratings

## **Function of Microprocessor Release - B Type**

Function configuration				
Current display function				
Overload long time delay protection (inverse)				
Short circuit short time delay protection (inverse and definite)				
Instantaneous protection				
Single-phase earth fault protection				
Parameter setting function				
Test (simulate trip) function				
Inquiry function				
MCR (Making current release) and HSISC (High-setting instantaneous short circuit)				



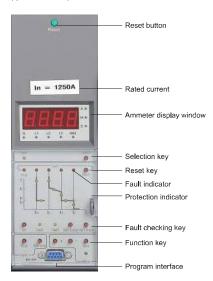


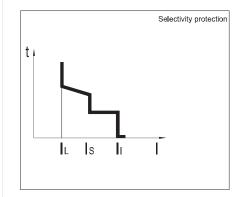


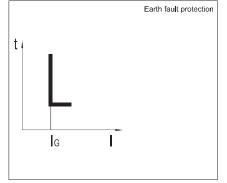
# **Trip Release**

The Microprocessor release is the core part of the Air Circuit Breaker to protect the electric circuit and the power supply against the dangers such as overload, short circuit, single-phase earth fault. The relay adopts highly-integrated and high-performance digital signal processor that featuring power functions and reliable performance to perform real-time processing to the signal so as to achieve various protection function and numerous auxiliary functions.

## Appearance and panel illustration













## Symbol designation table

No.	Symbol	Designation
1	ln	Rated current
2	IL(Ir),Is(Isd),Ii(Ii)	Fault current of long time-delay, short time-delay and instantaneous
3	IG	Ground fault
4	tL,ts,ti,tG	Fault time of long time-delay, short time-delay, instantaneous and grounding
5	L1(lr),L2(lsd),L3(li),G	Phase R, Y, B and N (or earth)
6	lc1,lc2	Fault current of load monitor 1 and load monitor 2
7	T,I	Time, current
8	A,kA,s	Unit Indicator: Ampere, kilo-Ampere, second

## Operating power supply

The operating power supply input to the AC 415V/220V, AC 110V, 50Hz; DC220V, 110V, 24V.

## ■ Basic functions of microprocessor release

Main protection function

Query function

Parameter setting function

Test function

Trip Relay

Load monitor function (optional)

Making current release (MCR) and High-Set Instantaneous

Short Circuit (HSISC) function (optional) Signal alarm function (optional)

## Operation instructions

Parameter setting operation

**Step 1:** Make sure the microprocessor release is under reset status.

if the microprocessor release isn't under reset status, press "reset" key till the ammeter displays operation current

Note: When the microprocessor release is under malfunction alarm status, then the setup function is locked and the setup operation can't be conducted.

**Step 2:** Press "set" key till the ammeter display window displays required action current or time setting.

**Step 3:** Press "+" and "-" to set the items to be changed.

**Step 4:** Press "save" key. At that time, the "save" indicator will flash once to indicate that the parameters are saved.

If not desiring to save, then directly press "reset" key.

Then the parameters won't be changed and will remain the original values.

**Step 5:** Repeat step 3 ~ step 5 in case requiring changing other parameters. If not, press "reset" key till the characteristic curve indicator is off.

Note: In case of occurrence of malfunction under setup status, it will automatically exit the setup status and enter into malfunction status.

During the adjustment of the parameters, the longer the time of pressing or holding the "+" or "-" key is, the faster the up or down speed is.

Failure inquiry operation

## Query operation method

**Step 1:** Make sure the microprocessor release is under reset status.

**Step 2:** Press "fault display" key till the ammeter display window indicates the failure action value and the action time alternately.

Press "select" to inquiry relevant parameters.

**Step 3:** Press "reset" key to exit the inquiry status.

Test operation method

**Step 1:** Make sure the microprocessor release is under reset status.

**Step 2:** Press "set" key till the indicator of the short time-delay characteristic curve current is on. Press "+""-" to adjust the required current.

Press "trip" key, then the breaker will trip. The ammeter display window will display the action current and action time in turn.

Step 3: Press "reset" key to exit the test status.





## **Trip Release**

## **Protection Setting**

Long Time								
Current Setting (A) Accuracy ± 10%	Ir = In X	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0
	tr@ (≤ 1.05X <b>I</b> r)	<2h N	Non - Tr	rip				
Time De <b>l</b> ay (S)	tr@ (> 1.30 X Ir)	<1h T	rip					
Accuracy + 10%	tr@ (1.5 X <b>I</b> r)*	15	30	60	120	240	480	
Accuracy ± 10%	tr@ (2.0 X  r)*	8.4	16.9	33.7	<b>67</b> .5	135	270	
Phase N overload and over-current Characteristic		100%	or 50%	⁄₀ (app <b>l</b> i	icable t	o 3P +	N or 4F	P)

\*Different time delay options are also available on request

Short Time			
Current Setting (A) Accuracy ± 10%	Isd =	1.3lr ~ 15lr + OFF	
	tsd@ (≤ 0.9 X lsd)	In the 2ts Non -Trip	
Time Delay (S)	tsd@ (> 1.10 X lsd)	In the 2ts delayed - trip	
Accuracy ± 25%	Time setting (S)	0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4	
Accuracy ± 25%	Resultant time	0.06 0.14 0.19 0.25	

Instantaneous		
Current Setting (A) Accuracy ± 15%	li =	1.3ln ~ 50kA
Time Delay (S)	≤0.85 <b>l</b> i	In the 0.2s Non-Trip
Time Delay (3)	>1.15 <b>l</b> i	In the 0.2s Trip

Ground Fault		
Current Setting (A) Accuracy ± 10%	Ig = In X	0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 +OFF, Min160A
	tg@ (≤ 0.9 X lg)	In the 2tg Non-Triping
Time Delay (S)	tg@ (> 1.1 X lg)	In the tg $\pm$ 0.032s or tg (1± 25%) Triping
Accuracy ± 25%	Setting Time (S)	0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4
Accuracy ± 25%	Resultant Time	0.06 0.14 0.19 0.25









## **Protection Setting**

Power distribution or motor protection					
Setting current	lr=	(0.4~1.0) n + OFF (Exit position)			
	Acting property	I≤1.05 r without actions in 2h			
		I>1.3Ir with actions while it's less than 1h			
	Property curve	Curve 1~curve 5, could be rectified, rectified as curve 3 for ex-factory			
Inverse-time (s) (Corresponding 2Ir)	Curve speed	IEC255 standard, 80 level points totally, could be rectified			
	Precision	±10% (intrinsic 40ms)			

Note: When N-phase is 50%, protective settings are treated as 50% for N-phase. If long delay setting is 2000A, long delay setting for phase R, Y and B is 2000A, and 1000A for phase N.

Instruction to short Time-Delay Property					
	Isd=	(1.5~15) <b> r</b> + OFF (exit position)			
Setting current	Acting property	≤0.9 sd  n the 2tsd without actions			
		>1.1Isd In the 2tsd delay action			
Inverse-time delay (s)	tsd=	(0.1~0.4)s (0.1s level error)			
(Corresponding 2Ir)	Precision	±25% (intrinsic 40ms)			
Inverse-time property		Curve is the same as overload long delay, but curve speed is 10 times faster			
Short delay inverse-time thermal memory (15min)		Standard + OFF			

Note: When microprocessor release is upto (In=2000A), rectified value of short time-delay protection is 1.5  $Ir\sim15$  Ir.

Instruction to Instantaneous Property				
Setting current	li=	1.01n~50kA+OFF (Exit position)		
	Acting property	≤0.85li In the 0.2s without actions		
		>1.15li In the 0.2s with actions		

Note: When microprocessor release is upto (In=2000A), rectified value of instantaneous protection is 1.0In~50kA+OFF.

## Ground fault or residual current protective property: t=TG×KG×lf/l

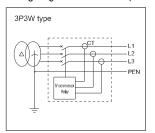
Ground fault prote	ection			
6.111	lf=	$(0.2{\sim}0.8)ln+OFF$ (with 160A as the minimum and 1200A as the maximum. OFF means it only alarms without tripping)		
Setting current	Acting property	< 0.9 If In the 2tg without actions		
	Acting property	≥1.1 If In the tg (1 ±25%) delayed action		
Ground fault prote	ection			
Inverse-time (s) (Corresponding 2Ir)	TG =	(0.1~1.0)s + OFF (Level difference 0.1s, OFF means it only alarms without tripping.)		
	Inverse-time cutting coefficient KG	(1.5~6)s+OFF (Level difference 0.5, OFF means earth fault is definite-time)		
	Precision	±10% (intrinsic 40ms)		
	lf=	(0.1~1.0)lo + OFF (Level different 0.01A, OFF means exit position)		
Setting current	Acting property	< 0.9  f  n the 2tg without actions		
	Acting property	≥1.1 If In the tg (1 ±25%) delayed action		
	Property curve	Curve 1~curve 5, could be rectified, rectified as curve 3 for ex-factory		
De <b>l</b> ay (s)	TG =	(1.5~6)s + OFF (Level difference 0.5s, OFF means is definite-time)		
	Precision	±25%		

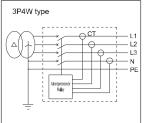


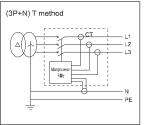


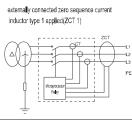
# **Trip Release**

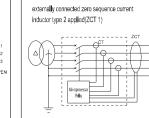
## Wiring diagram of earth fault protection

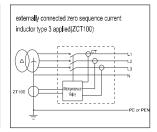






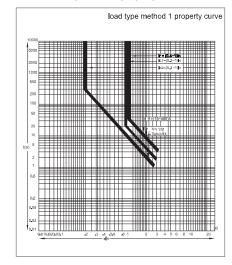


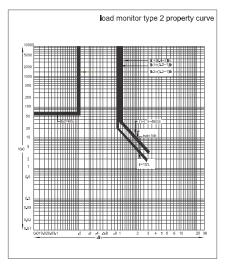




**Trip Relay** 

## Load monitor protection property











## Technical Parameter:

Load monitor type 1						
	IC1=	$(0.2\sim1.0)$ In + OFF (OFF means exit position)				
Rectified current	Acting property	≤1.05 lc1 without action				
	Acting property	> 1.21c1 delay relay action				
Inverse-time (s)	Property curve	The same as overload long delay				
inverse time (s)	Curve speed	Could be set separately (Setting content is the same as that of overload long delay)				
	Ic2=	(0.2~1.0)In + OFF (OFF means exit position)				
Rectified current	A - 4 i	≤1.05 lc2 without action				
	Acting property	> 1.21c2 delayed relay				
Maximal inverse-	Property curve	The same as overload long delay				
time delay (s)	Curve speed	Could be set separately (Setting content is the same as that of overload long delay)				

Load monitor type 2				
	lc1=	(0.2~1.0)In + OFF (OFF means exit position)		
Rectified current	Acting property	≤1.05lc1 without action		
	Acting property	> 1.21c1 delay relay action		
	Property curve	The same as overload long delay		
Inverse-time (s)	Curve speed	Could be set separately (Setting content is the same as that of overload long delay)		
	c2=	(0.2~1.0)In + OFF (OFF means exit position)		
Rectified current	Acting property	≤0.9lc2 without action		
Fixed delay (s)		Fixed as 60s		
Precision		±10% (Intrinsic 40ms)		
Thermal memory (30min, could be eliminated while power-off)		Standard + OFF		
Protective property of	on unbalance current			
	δ=	40%~100% + OFF (Level difference 0.1, OFF means exit)		
Rectified current	Action or alarm	≤0.9δ without actions		
	property	> 1.1δ delay action		

±10% (Intrinsic 40ms)

## Communication networking

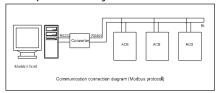
Delay time (s)

Precision

Trip Relay

Make key-lock at "communication" position, connect to secondary terminals "10" and "11" through cable to achiveve the communication function.

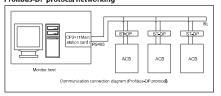
## Modbus protocol networking

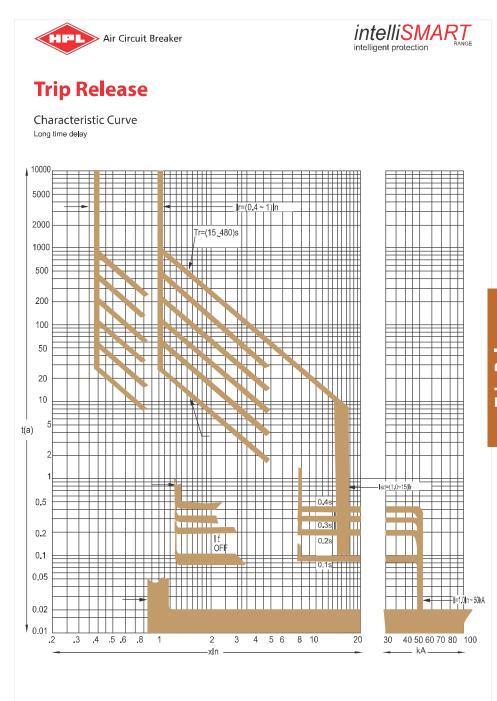


Τδ=

## Profibus-DP protocal networking

(0.1~1.0)s (Level difference 0.1, OFF means exit)





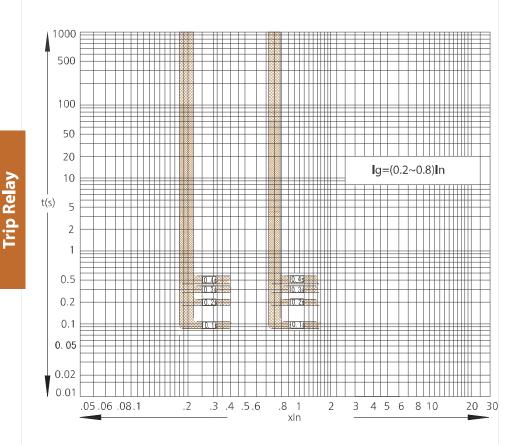






Characteristic Curve

Ground fault

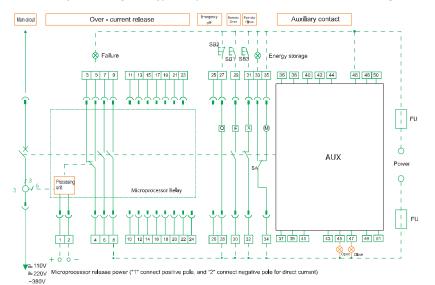






# **Wiring Diagram**

The secondary circuit wiring with B type Microprocessor release and instantaneous under-voltage release



The auxiliary contact modes for customer use

Four switch contact (acquiescence)

If Five switch contact

If Five switch con

Circuit explanation for signal output:

- a. Broken-line parts shall be provided by customers.
- b. Terminals  $6^i$ ,  $7^t$  can output NC (normal close) contact if that is required by users.
- Terminal 35° can be directly connected to power (automatic pre-storing energy), alternatively connect power after connecting NO button (manual-controlled pre-storing energy).
- d. Terminals 21<sup>±</sup>~24<sup>±</sup> is only for wiring with function meter display. (excluding the special wiring)

: Shunt Button : Under-Voltage Button

ib3 : ON Button

SB2

Q : Under-voltage Trip Device

F : Shunt Coil
X : Closing Coil

M : Motor

XT : Connection terminal

SA : Position Switch

Note: If control voltage of Q, F, X is different from each other, they can be connected to different power.

1", 2" : Auxiliary power input

3<sup>a</sup>. 4<sup>a</sup>, 5<sup>a</sup> : Fault trip contact output (4# common terminal)

6<sup>t</sup>, 7<sup>t</sup>, 8<sup>t</sup>, 9<sup>t</sup> : Auxiliary contact (normal open)

10"~24" : empty

 $25^{\circ}$ ,  $26^{\circ}$  : to be connected with current transformer (selective)

27<sup>r</sup>, 28<sup>t</sup> : Under-voltage Trip Device

29°, 30° : Shunt Coil

31<sup>4</sup>, 32<sup>4</sup> : Closing Coil

33", 34" : Charge / Discharge indicator

34°, 35° : Motor

36', 51' : Auxiliary contact

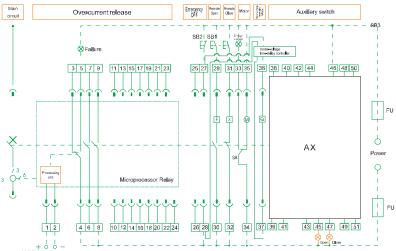




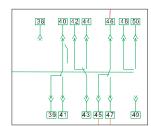


## **Wiring Diagram**

The secondary circuit wiring with B type Microprocessor release and time delay under-voltage release



The auxiliary contact modes for customer use Four switch contact (acquiescence)



Circuit explanation for signal output:

(excluding the special wiring)

required by users.

a. Broken-line parts shall be provided by customers.

b. Terminals 6°, 7° can output NC (normal close) contact if that is

c. Terminal 35" can be directly connected to power (automatic

pre-storing energy), alternatively connect power after

connecting NO button (manual-controlled pre-storing energy).
 d. The 21"~24" is only for wiring with function meter display.

Wiring Diagram

Sb1 : Shunt Button
SB2 : Under-Voltage Button

Sb3 : ON Button

Sb3 : ON Button

) : Under-voltage Trip Device

: Shunt Coil
C : Closing Coil

M · Motor

XT : Connection terminal

SA : Position Switch

Note: If control voltage of Q, F, X is different from each other, they can be connected to different power.

1\*, 2\* : Auxiliary power input

3<sup>4</sup>. 4<sup>4</sup>, 5<sup>4</sup> : Fault trip contact output (4<sup>4</sup> common terminal)

6<sup>t</sup>, 7<sup>t</sup>, 8<sup>t</sup>, 9<sup>t</sup>: Auxiliary contact (normal open)

10"~24" : empty

25°, 26° : to be connected with current transformer (selective)

27<sup>\*</sup>, 28<sup>\*</sup> : Under-voltage Trip Device

29\*, 30\* : Shunt Coil

31<sup>t</sup>, 32<sup>t</sup> : Closing Coil

33", 34" : Charge / Discharge indicator

34", 35" : Moto

36<sup>\*</sup>, 37<sup>\*</sup> : Under-voltage Trip Device

38\*~51\* : Auxiliary contact





## **Accessories**

## ■ Under-voltage Trip Device (UVT)

Without power supply, under-voltage release can't close.

It is classified into instantaneous and time-delay type.

Delay time 1s, 3s, 5s, are fixed for all ratings

Within 1/2 time-delay range, circuit breaker does not trip when power voltage recovers and exceeds 85%Vn.

## Rated Voltage & Characteristic of UVT Coil

Rated voltage (Vn)	AC 415, 230, 110	DC 220, 110		
Action voltage(V)	(0.35-0.7)Vn			
Reliable making voltage(V)	(0.85-	1.1)Vn		
Reliable non-making voltage(V)	≤0.3	5Vn		
Power loss(W)	48VA	48W		



Optional configure: Auto suction type under-voltage coil, and this device can substitute normal one, it can prevent mechanism from misoperation.

Make sure there is power supply on the under-voltage coil, before making the circuit breaker.

## ■ Shunt Coil (SHT)

Shunt Coil can realize the remote control to break the circuit breaker.

#### Rated Voltage & Characteristic of SHT Coil

-					
Rated Voltage (Vn)	AC 415, 230, 110	DC 220 DC 1	10		
Work voltage(V)	(0.7-1.1)Vn				
Power loss(W)	300VA	132W 70	W		
Breaking time	(30~	50)ms			



Forbid making the power for long time to avoid the shunt Coil being damaged.

## Closing Coil (CC)

After the motor finishing the energy storage, closing release can instantly close the circuit breaker.

## Rated Voltage & Characteristic of CC Coil

nated voltage & characteristic of the con-							
Rated Voltage (Vn)	AC 415, 230, 110	DC 220	DC 110				
Work vo <b>l</b> tage (V)							
Power loss (W)	300VA	132W	7 <b>0W</b>				
Closing time	≤70	)ms					



## ■ Motor (M)

With the function of motor mechanism energy storing and auto restoring energy after closing the circuit breaker, the mechanism can ensure closing the circuit breaker instantly after breaking the circuit breaker. Manual energy-store is available

Rated Voltage(Vn)	AC 415, 230, 110	DC 220, 110		
Work voltage (V)	(0.85-1.1) Vn			
Power loss (W)	85/110/150W			
Energy-storage time	<	5s		
Operation frequency	Not more than 3 t	times per munute		





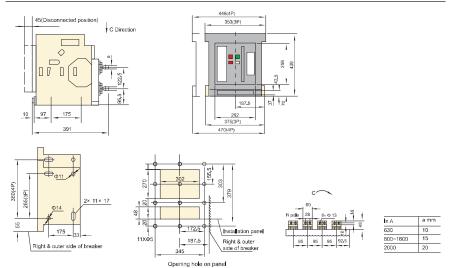


**Dimension Details** 

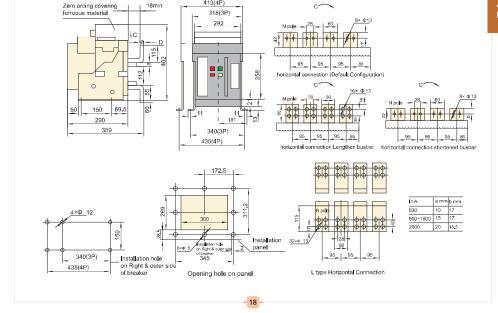
# Air Circuit Breaker

## **Dimension Details**

## Drawout-Type, horizontal, rear connection

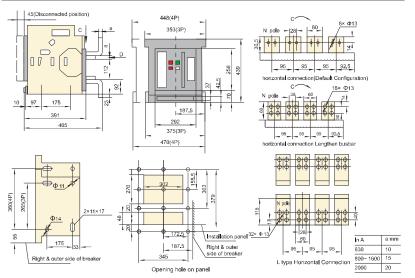


## Fixed-type

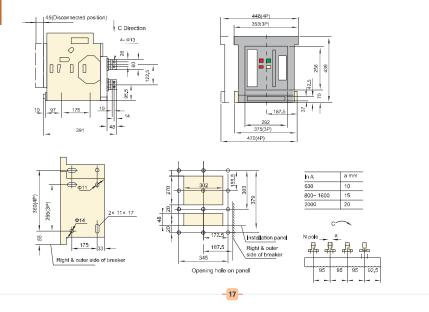


## **Dimension Details**

Air Circuit Breaker



Drawout - Type, vertical, rear connection







## **Instruction Manual**

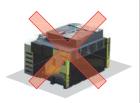
## Installation

Unload the breaker from the soleplate of package. If it is drawout type, first pull out the handle under the drawer-base of breaker, and plug it into the hole on central part of plastic cover under the drawer-base crossbeam, anti clock wise turns the handle, the body will slowly slide along the outside of drawer-base.

When the guide rod points to separated position and handle can't be rotated any longer, pull out the handle and firmly grasp the aluminum handle on drawer-base, pull out the breaker body and remove it form the base, then move the base from the sole plate and clean up the dirty things inside the drawer-base







Possible positions

Check the insulation resistance with a 500V megger, resistance should not be less than 20 $M\Omega$  when ambient temperature is 20°C  $\pm$  5°C and relative humidity is 50%~70%. Otherwise dry it.

## ■ Power Supply

ACB can be supplied either from the top or from the bottom without reduction in performance in order to facilitate connection when installed in a switchboard.









## **Instruction Manual**

Put the breaker (fixed -type) or drawer-base (drawout-type) into the installation-bracket, and make it fixed, directly connect the cable wire of main circuit to the bus wire of fixed-type circuit breaker. Alternatively put breaker body onto the slideway of drawer-base. Plug the handle into installation hole, dockwise turns it until the under-part of drawer-base points at the connection position and "click" sound is heard. It indicates that breaker body has been connected to its place, then connect the cable of main circuit todrawer-base.

Mounting the circuit-breaker

It is important to distribute the weight of the device uniformily over a rigid mounting surface such as rails or a base plate.

This mounting plane should be perfectly flat (tolerance on support flatness: 2mm). This eliminates any risk of deformation which could interfere with correct operation of the circuit breaker.

ACB device can also be mounted on a vertical plane using the special brackets.

Mounting with vertical brackets



Instruction Manual



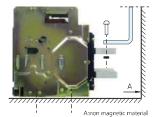




## Partitions

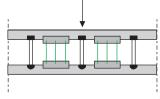
Sufficient openings must be provided in partitions to ensure good air circulation around the circuit breaker;

Any partition between upstream and downstream connections of the device must be made of nonmagnetic material.



## Busbars

The mechanical connection must be exclude the possibility of formation of magnetic loop around a conductor



non magnetic material





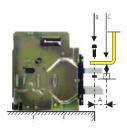


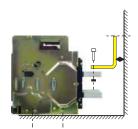


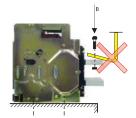
## **Instruction Manual**

## Busbar Connections

The busbars should be suitably adjusted to ensure the connection points are positioned on the terminals before the bolts are inserted B The connections are held by the supporter which is fixed to the framework of the switchboard, in this way the circuit breaker terminals do not have to support its weight C. (This support should be placed close to the terminals).

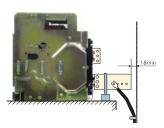


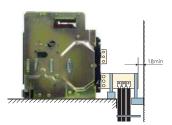




## Main Circuit adopts cable connection

Users should not apply too strong mechanical strength on the terminals of Air Circuit Breaker. Extend the bus-bar of circuit breaker with connecting bus-bar, position the wiring piece of cable before inserting bolts; the cable should be fixed on the frame of distributing cabinet firmly.







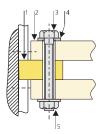


## **Instruction Manual**

## Clamping

Correct damping of busbars depends on the tightening torques used for the nuts and bolts, etc. Over-tightening may have the same consequences as under-tightening.

For connecting busbars to the circuit breaker, the circuit breaker, the tightening torques to be used are shown in the table below. These values are for use with copper busbars and steel nuts and bolts, class 8.8.



breaker terminal
 busbar

Instruction Manual

- 3 bolt
- 4 washer
- 5 nut









Preferred tightening torque for ACB's tightening components

Type of Screw	App <b>l</b> ication	Preferred Tightening Torque
M4	Screws for secondary terminals	11 Nm
M10	Installing bolts of Air Circuit Breaker	45 Nm
M12	Connection terminals	50 Nm





Test position



Disconnected position



Drawout position











- 1.Both main circuit and control circuit are connected.
   2.Normal application conditions
- The main circuit is disconnected, and the control circuit is connected.
   Test application conditions.
- Neither the main circuit nor the control circuit is connected
- Main body is out of the drawer seat.









## **Instruction Manual**

Wiring the secondary circuit according to electric principle diagram

Note: Bolts, Nuts, Gaskets shouldn't be left inside the drawer seat to avoid being blocked.

## Operation

Check the rated voltage of the following components whether conforms to the power voltage. Such as under Voltage Release Shunt Release, Closing Electromagnet, Motor-driven mechanism and intelligent controller.

## ■ Maintenance

Instruction Manual

Check the technical parameters in time or add some lubricating oil, etc.

This breaker structure is arranged vertically and modularized composition with each functioncell separated, which make the maintenance easy.

It has compact structure, reliable operation and strong free maintenance capability. Please check the technical parameters on the nameplate in according with the requirements of order before installation.

Making the secondary circuit power, the motor-driven mechanism can store energy automatically until hearing the click and energy stored indicating on the panel.

Otherwise press the storage handle for 6 times until hearing the click and the indicator display energy stored.

And the closing operation can be realized either by closing electromagnet or manual button.



Manual energy-storage



Shake with the manual energy-storage handle up and down about six times to "click".

## ■ Recommendation for user's connecting bus-bar

In(A)		630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000
	Thickness(mm)	5	6	8	10	12	10
Busbar	Width(mm)	60	60	60	60	60	60
	Number	2	2	2	2	2	3

Note: the specifications in the table is obtained as the ambient temperature of air circuit breaker is 40° C, with open installation; this is in compliance with the specification of copper busbar adopted under the heating conditions regulated in IEC/IS60947-2.

## Power Loss

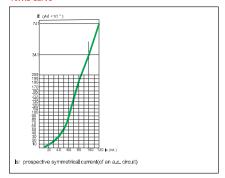
In(A)		630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000
Power	Drawout type	70	110	172	268	440	530
loss (W)	Fixed type	34.4	50	78	122	200	262





## **Instruction Manual**

## 10. AS Curve

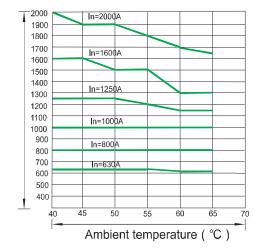


## 11. Temperature compensation correction

Standard	Ambient temperature	Rated Current						
IEC/IS60947-2	40°C°C	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	
	45°C°C	630	800	1000	1250	1600	1900	
	50°C°C	630	800	1000	1250	1500	1900	
	55°C°C	630	800	1000	1200	1500	1800	
	60°C°C	610	800	1000	1150	1300	1700	
	65°C°C	610	800	1000	1150	1300	1650	
	70°C°C	473	640	750	938	1200	1400	

Note: The ACB is to calibrated at 40°C, special application please refer to the table above and the curve below.

Rated current (A)



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